Stroke and Medical Devices

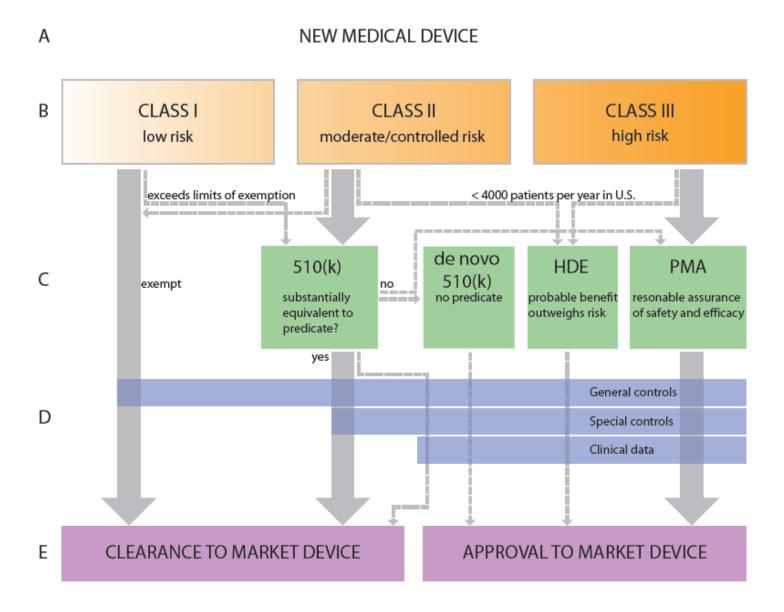
Carlos Peña, PhD, MS
Director
Division of Neurological and Physical Medicine Devices
Food and Drug Administration
October 6, 2015

Treatments

Pharmacotherapy Medical Devices

Regulatory Decision Points Medical Device Classification Benefit Risk Assessment **Predicate Devices** Valid Scientific Evidence Least Burdensome Approach

Current State of Review

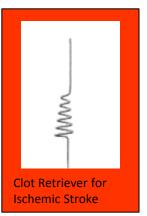


When is Clinical Data Needed?

- PMA: almost always needed
- De novo: typically needed, but not always
- 510(k): generally not needed

You can request feedback on any protocols through the pre-submission process, preferably before starting the study

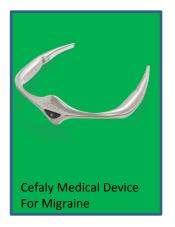
Experience in Moving Neurological Medical Devices From Bench to Market













Cleared Mechanical Neurothrombectomy (Clot Retrieval) Devices

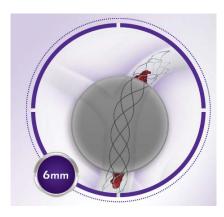




Penumbra Reperfusion System



Medtronic/Covidien
Solitaire
Revascularization Device

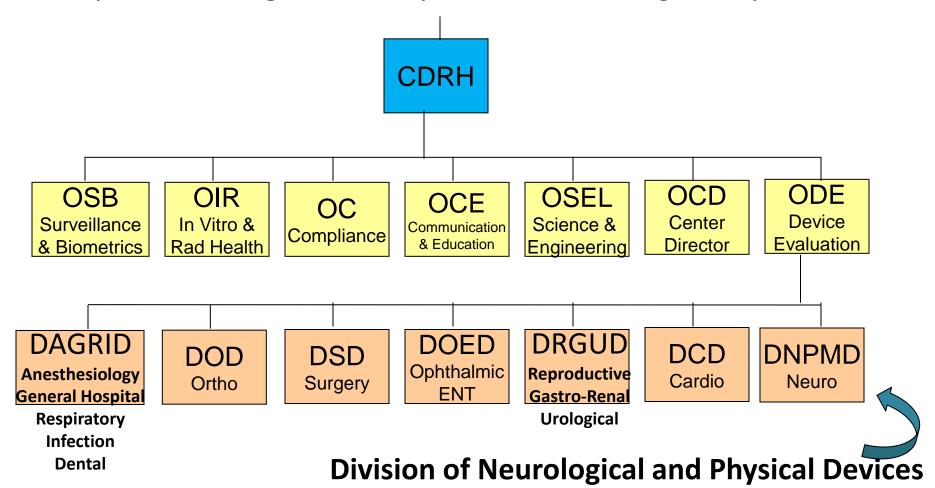


Stryker Neurovascular Trevo ProVue Retriever

Intended Use: Restoring blood flow or revascularization in intracranial vessels within 8 hours of acute ischemic stroke symptom onset. For patients who are ineligible to receive or who failed intravenous tissue plasminogen activator (IV t-PA).

Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) Organization

Pathway for Neurological and Physical Medicine Regulatory Submissions



Neurothrombectomy Guidance Guidance for Industry and FDA Staff Pre-Clinical and Clinical Studies for Neurothrombectomy Devices Document issued on: June 18, 2007

Guidance Topic Areas

Biocompatibility

Pre-Clinical Evaluation

Bench Testing

Animal Testing

Clinical Studies

Measures of Success

Alternate Sources of Clinical Info

Meeting Goals-Devices 4 Topic Areas Clinical Study Design, Patient Groups Clinical Outcomes, Imaging, Safety **Statistical Considerations** Registries

Closing Thoughts